Piii16 Might Teares Revive thee I could wish to be

Notes. This ambitious poem combines a number of themes, ranging from attacks on popular perceptions of the Duke, to an unusually heightened depiction of the immense scope of Buckingham's power as a favourite. The verse concludes with a forceful evocation of Buckingham's virtue, courtesy and bravery, and an appreciation of his physical and spiritual beauty.

Might Teares Revive thee I could wish to be Dissolvd & melted like to Nyobe^{\perp} But just conceived Rage, & bitter woe Drye up the brackish² streames they cannot flowe. And can it be amidst thy troupes³ one Arme 5 Could plot such mischeife & enact such harme? Maye such a massacre be wrought & He Not Thunderstrooke by th omnipotencie Where was Joves Lightining⁴ when this deede was done how chance his Arme shrunck not, grew deade & num? 10 Ah powerfull God forgive wee ought not prye Into thy hidden secret Mistery Wee cannot knowe the suns transparent beames By his own face but by his guilding streames Too glorious soe Gods Judgments are, & showne 15 In their effects, by which his pleasure's knowne, World-famed Cesar⁵ fetching his Renowne Far from those parts where scarce proud Rome was knowne Heaping up wealth & Glory to the state By publique hands was slaine, & publique Fate 20 Greatenes howere acheivd doth drawe along Envy & malice from the stupid throng The Knyges⁶ People whoe beloe doe vew Things done above doe alwaies judge untrue

Treason to them if't be put home & done Is cald faire Justice, when the Righteous doome 7 If it fall shorte they terme it Policy And a waie to Roote out true Nobilitie Under this last fell this same Lord with them That hate noe facts but as they hate the men But wiser save that truly judge these times It was the peoples Scandall not his Crimes In this confusion did the Kings choyce hand Set him above his foes, gave him command And power by which he got the day of the inconstant multitude, for they Began to find now virtues in the Man The Honord Greate and matchles Buckingham Where was the man amongst us did not then Call him both Greate and Good, I & condemne Their censures by thy Judgment when thy eye Alone could chuse such worthe & dignity Whoe was held wise that did not seeke to hold A place from him, all Fathers that were old Thought it Inheritance enough to give Their children if he knew them, for to live For thou hadst raisd him to that Eminency That but thy selfe none was soe greate & high Ah dreaded Lord did ever one day see Any in woe and Glory like to thee Evn as $Apollo^8$ in his burning throne Thow shinst at morne for men to gaze upon The daies & Howers on each hand did attend Expecting when thou wouldst employment send The seasons did awaite thee, Heate and Cold

25

30

35

40

45

Autumne and Spring yeares Months daies manifold All seemd at thy direction, Nobles bow The Gentry are ambitious but to knowe What is thy pleasure And the yeomen stand More ready to obey then thou comand Thy howse did seeme a Temple thither flye The People all to know their desteny Nor doth the Marygold with more devotion Attend the sun then did the coarte thy motion And can such distance be twixt Life and Death And doth all Pompe forsake as with our breath Shall wee bring back noe more unto the Tombe Then what wee brought from our poore Mothers wombe doe all our spangles⁹ leave us at the grave And shall wee have noe more then vassalls¹⁰ have? And doe the wormes smell out noe difference Betwixt Perfumes high prise & meerely sence how dare they venture on an Honord skin Mighty and Lorded: Noble all within Ah vaine conceipts the king can have noe more Of Birth and Death then Beggers at the dore Nor God nor Nature doth respect a Person For State or wealth but for Religion Naie our best freinds like Bees refuse that flower Which death hath but usurpt one litle hower Thy mighty Pallace had not roome for steps That did attend thee, nor soe many becks 11 Hadst thou as they had waies to put them to And could one stroke these glories all undoe Thow seemst another Atlas¹² of our State The World upon thy able shoulders sate

60

65

70

75

One hand held Spaine, another hand held France¹³ Doubtfull to which thy Army should advance In expectation did both Kingdomes stand On which should fall thy fatall firebrand Ships were prepard for sword, & ships for fire And hardy men to act thy high desire For without boast wee may averre for soothe 14 England hath men whose valor's canon proofe Our Kingdomes Body did crye out for warre And art thow then condemned to prepare Wee have noe walls but seas nor forts for Rest But whats conteyned in a valiant brest Better then meete a Foe, then staie at home And enterteine th'Enemy with our owne Whoe warres abroad doth on advantage playe But they that fight at home, have but one daye Nor are our actions judgd by the event They best deserve that doe the best attempt It lyes not in our power to make the end God only doth in that our arts commend In peace He was all Grace & Curtesy Noble and full of magnanimity Whether his hat or sword did more imply his able hand deserves a History¹⁵ As full of valor as of curteous parts Th one conquering, th other sealing harts What durst he not unlesse fowle injuries As farre from them as farre from cowardise Warre tooke not from him Mildnes, nor soft peace A virtuous & couragious Haughtines Stout harted Ajax¹⁶ and the wise Ulisses¹⁷

90

95

100

105

110

In this full man might have enjoyd their wishes Nor was the Grecians sacrifise drawne on With greater showts & approbation When they let out their walls to let that in old Priamus himselfe encouraging¹⁸ Then this greate Duke when to the feild he came As if he were their Life their Fate their flame That thow hadst outside more then common men I shall not neede to trouble much my Pen To set it downe, each eye will find a tounge To blase abroad thy knowne Perfection, To me, me thought thow didst appeare as one Whome nature made for men to gaze upon That shee must fix their eyes to boast hir Arte Symetry and Beauty framing every parte, And yet I had not time to note each linn¹⁹ Soe I desird to knowe what was within But then as I have seene a cabinet Soe rich with pearles, with sparckling Jems soe set That other Jewell I expected none When sodainely unto my eyes there shone A Jewell soe exceeding rare and bright That all unwares it tooke away my sight Which seemd all flame all fire as if each stone Were a full sun at height in his horrison Soe did thy Inward virtues take away All thought of that same gawdy flesh & claye compared with thy sowle thy bodies frame did then like brasse & rust upon the same nor could I avoe²⁰ my selfe to make retorne To leave that sight for which we now all mourne

125

120

135

140

But all these praises are but like sweete meate Which at a deere freinds funerall wee doe eate²¹ Memorialls of our losses, therefore reape My sadder muse, & lett him rest in peace.

Source. PRO SP 16/114/69

Piii16

¹ *Nyobe:* after her fourteen children had been slaughtered by the gods Apollo and Diana, the grieving Niobe was metamorphosed into a rock that shed tears.

² *brackish:* darkened, muddied.

 3 *amidst thy troupes:* Felton was a lieutenant in the expeditionary force that went under Buckingham's command to the Ile de Ré in 1627.

⁴ *Joves Lightining:* Jove, king of the gods, used the lightning bolt as a weapon. Here the poet is wondering why Felton's deed was not immediately followed by divine judgement on the criminal.

⁵ World-famed Cesar: i.e. Julius Caesar, assassinated in 44 BC.

⁶ *Knyges:* scribal error; read "Kynges".

⁷ *doome:* judgement.

⁸ Apollo: the sun god.

⁹ *spangles:* literally, the glittering metallic strips decorating costumes; figuratively, the earthly pomp and splendour nullified by death.

¹⁰ vassalls: used here in a general sense to connote inferiors, the low-born.

¹¹ becks: commands.

¹² Atlas: in classical mythology, Atlas held up the heavens.

¹³ One hand held Spaine...France: at the time of Buckingham's death, England was at war with both Spain and France.

¹⁴ *soothe:* i.e. sooth; truth.

¹⁵ *Whether his hat...deserves a History:* this couplet establishes a theme that is then extended over the next few lines, that Buckingham was an exemplar both of courtesy—here symbolized by his mastery of the range of coded gestures for the removal and replacement of the hat—and of skill in battle—here symbolized by his swordsmanship.

¹⁶ Stout harted Ajax: Ajax was a Greek hero in the Trojan War, brave ("Stout harted") but not wise.

¹⁷ wise Ulisses: Greek hero of the Trojan War, Ulysses (or Odysseus), known for his cunning.

¹⁸ Nor was the Grecians...himselfe encouraging: allusion to the fateful moment when the Trojans brought the wooden horse—ostensibly left as a religious sacrifice by the Greeks—into their city. "Priamus" is King Priam of Troy. The poet is probably thinking of the cheering and singing described in Virgil's Aeneid, book 2.

¹⁹ *linn:* probably a poetic contraction of "lineament" (a portion of the body).

²⁰ *avoe:* i.e. avow.

²¹ *sweete meate...wee doe eate:* dinners were a traditional accompaniment of funerals.